Director’s Message

Fertile Ground: Focusing on Plant Systems Science and Engineering

FOR CENTURIES Nebraskaans have held handfuls of our state’s soil and wondered about the workings of this rich resource from which much of our crops and livelihood grow. Today, with talented researchers and top technology at our universities, Nebraska can do much more to understand how plants function: as systems at the intersection of soil, microbes, water and climate.

Nebraska EPScor’s role in this challenge is our continuing effort to move this state forward, aligning its unique capabilities to address the foremost issues on our nation’s research agenda. For a research component of Nebraska’s new RII Track 1 grant sought from the National Science Foundation (NSF), we gathered Nebraska’s strengths in agronomy, plant health, rural development, and top technology at our universities, Nebraska can do much more to understand how plants function: as systems at the intersection of soil, microbes, water and climate.

This work holds great transformative potential, requires a systems science approach, and tracks to high technical and societal impact.

Whether NSF funding for this research is realized or not, our state will benefit from this team of leaders shaping greater possibilities for life in Nebraska and our wider world. With their tools and expertise, the future of food productivity and environmental stewardship is in capable hands.

State Committee Members Shape EPScor Efforts

Nebraska EPScor operations follow policies and priorities set by a 19-member, Governor-appointed state committee. This group is comprised of senior administrators and researchers from the state’s major research institutions, industry leaders, and representatives of state government. With their guidance, Nebraska EPScor works throughout the state to advance transformative research and workforce development.

Departing the state committee in 2014 are Catherine Lang, former economic development director and labor commissioner for the state of Nebraska, and Clagan J. Hodgson, president of Nature Technology Corporation. Nebraska EPScor thanks them for their service, and appreciates the time and efforts of the continuing state committee members in shaping how Nebraska EPScor pursues its mission.

SUSAN FRITZ, in executive vice president and provost for the University of Nebraska (NU), is an associate vice president for Academic Affairs in the NU Provost’s Office.

J. TYLER MARTIN, SR., is founder and CEO of Great Plains Biotechnology, located just outside of Lincoln. This firm helps create opportunities on the frontier of biology by providing strategic advice to companies developing new life science products. He also serves as CEO and director of Advancent Biotechnologies, a privately-owned biopharmaceutical company that operates from New York City and Lincoln. He has held leadership positions with Dynavars Technologies, Novartis, and others.

DACIA KRUSE became acting director of Nebraska EPScor in June, after serving as deputy director of the state’s Department of Administrative Services. She was previously the Greater Omaha Chamber of Commerce’s primary lobbyist with state and local officials on business legislation. She also managed successful initiative campaigns in Iowa and Nebraska and was a women’s advocate for Friendship Home. Her bachelor of science degree is in Business Administration from the University of Nebraska.

This year Nebraska EPScor’s state committee welcomed three new members:

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Exploring the Frontier:

The 2014 Nebraska Neuroscience Symposium

The 2014 Nebraska Neuroscience Symposium gathered experts from throughout the nation to discuss new research on the brain’s functions in learning and its pathologies, including addiction. Approximately 300 Nebraska scientists and students attended the symposium, sponsored by Nebraska EPSCoR through a National Science Foundation (NSF) grant, at the Hilton Omaha. In a concluding session, 50+ posters were presented by researchers from the University of Nebraska Medical Center, University of Nebraska-Lincoln, University of Nebraska at Omaha, Boys Town National Research Hospital, Doane College, Nebraska Wesleyan University and Creighton University.

Thomas F. Murray—Creighton University’s (CU) associate vice provost for research and scholarship and professor and chair with CU’s Department of Pharmacology—chaired the symposium’s organizing committee. Their work drew to the event a stellar slate of speakers from the National Institutes of Health, Duke University and Mount Sinai Hospital, among other prominent organizations.

In the decade that Nebraska EPSCoR has conducted its annual “Nebraska Research and Innovation Conference” (NRIC) series, this second neuroscience-themed conference further solidified Nebraska’s research in this vital area of study. “NRIC events are venues where we can celebrate our research strength, and provide opportunities for researchers to network,” said Nebraska EPSCoR Director Fred Choobineh. “We value the individual contributors and group efforts in this state’s research community, including faculty and especially our students who carry this work forward.”

Clockwise from left: Paul Kenny, M.D., Sinai Hospital; Darwin Beric, University of California San Diego; John Dani, University of Pittsburgh; Marina Picciotto, Yale University; Patrick Kanold, University of Maryland; Timothy Murphy, University of British Columbia; Ling-Gang Wu, NIH; William Catterall, University of Washington; Sarah Lisman, Duke University; Tom Murray, Creighton University; Not Pictured: Andrew Schwartz, University of Pittsburgh; John Flanagan, Harvard Medical School.

Thank you to the 2014 Symposium Organizing Committee:
• Thomas F. Murray, Committee Chair, Creighton University
• Rick Bevins, University of Nebraska-Lincoln
• Anna Dunaevsky, University of Nebraska Medical Center
• Jeffrey French, University of Nebraska at Omaha
• Barbara J. Morley, Boys Town National Research Hospital
• Wallace R. Thompson, University of Nebraska Medical Center
• Tony W. Wilson, University of Nebraska Medical Center

More than 50 research posters were presented; participants enjoyed networking opportunities; 11 sessions with international experts on neuroscience earned interest from 300+ event registrants.
Area 1: Nebraska Center for Nanohybrid Functional Materials (CNFM)

The CNFM team seeks to combine the unique physical properties of highly-ordered 3D-nanomaterials with chemical and biochemical recognition in order to develop new sensing and separation principles which will provide the basis for new and more powerful sensors and separation devices. The team's 2014 research focused on single-strand folding based sensors, complex folding-based sensors, ultrathin-layer bionanotechnology imaging characterization, substrate-mediated gene delivery and GLAD (glancing angle deposition) surface functionalization.

Rising to the challenge of prior External Review Panel advice, CNFM developed an industrial advisory board to help the center's commercial transitions for the innovations it generates. This board is chaired by Win Ly (Biomimetic Instruments), members include Rasbi Das (Ansort Inc.), Dan Draney (LICOR Technology), James Hilliker (A. Wollam Company), Mina Hovinen (Seagate Technology) and Matthias Wagner (Procter & Gamble). Among CNFM's accomplishments in 2014, several of its researchers earned commercial and professional development success:

- CNFM's Rebecca Lai (University of Nebraska-Lincoln [UNL] Susan J. Rosowski Associate Professor of Chemistry) is the PI for a $300,000 Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) grant from the National Institutes of Health for Disposable Paper-Based Electrochemical Metal Ion Sensors for Water Safety Testing. This Phase I application aims at developing a generalizable electrochemical biosensing platform for detection of metal ion contaminants in water—a project involving Zansors Personal Health Analytics.
- Tino Hofmann (CNFM; research assistant professor with UNL's Department of Electrical Engineering) won a Marie Curie Fellow and VINNEMER Fellow. The Fellowship is supported by the EU Marie Curie Action and Sweden's innovation agency VINNOVA with a €350,000 grant to establish a tight collaboration between UNL, the University of Linköping, Sweden, and private enterprises in the US and Sweden. The goal of this collaboration is to design, manufacture, and characterize graphene-metal nanomaterial hybrid materials for novel terahertz frequency devices.
- Matthias Schubert, CNFM co-director and UNL professor of electrical engineering, was named a Fellow of the Leibnitz Institute of Polymer Research in Dresden, Germany. And Petra Uhlmann, director of the institute's Department of Nanostructured Materials, was named an adjunct professor with UNL's Department of Chemistry. In these roles, they co-supervise graduate students and perform collaborative research. The Leibnitz Institute of Polymer Research Dresden is one of the largest polymer research institutions in the world.

Area 2: Research Focus

GRAPHENE IS A two-dimensional carbon material known for its strength and conductive properties. Theoretical studies indicated new physical properties can be achieved if graphene is shaped in forms other than flat sheets.

Recently Alexander Sinitskii, assistant professor in the University of Nebraska-Lincoln (UNL) Department of Chemistry, had success in developing narrow nanoribbons of graphene, manipulating the material’s promising potential for electronics uses. Sinitskii was hired by UNL in 2011 with the creation of the Center for Nanohybrid Functional Materials (CNFM), as part of a National Science Foundation Research Infrastructure Improvement Track 1 grant (2010-15). Sinitskii and several CNFM members explored growing graphene in non-three-dimensional (3D) structures. Graphene as a coating alters surfaces to either functionalize (add properties to) or passivate (counteract properties from) the materials beneath. Sinitskii’s collaboration with CNFM innovatively applied graphene through chemical vapor deposition (CVD) on pre-synthesized nanomaterial metal templates, then etched away the metal substrate to achieve novel 3D graphene structures. The scaffolding metal nanoparticles were prepared using glancing angle deposition in the labs of CNFM's Eva Schubert, associate professor with UNL's Department of Electrical Engineering, preparing this class of ordered nanomaterial has been central to numerous research advances reported by CNFM investigators.

The CNFM team systematically studied combinations and factors to find that—with careful attention to composition, shape and crystallinity of the nanomaterials, as well as CVD growth temperature and carbon sources—the nanomaterial metal bases could be removed leaving free-standing, graphene-based inverse opals and hollow graphene nanoribbons. CNFM’s Tino Hofmann, research assistant professor with UNL’s Department of Electrical Engineering, applies his optical characterization expertise to study applications of 3D graphene in sensing: a major focus among the center’s advances. CNFM’s Rebecca Lai, an electrochemist and UNL’s Susan J. Rosowski Associate Professor of Chemistry, integrates 3D graphene in her work on folding-based sensors that can directly detect cancer molecules. Peter Wilson, a UNL graduate student advised by Sinitskii, was the first author on the research publication titled “Three-dimensional periodic graphene nanostuctures” (http://jdbc.ipp.dtu.dk)—one of the most accessed articles in the Journal of Materials Chemistry C during 2014. High electrical and thermal conductivity coupled with high mechanical and chemical stability of these graphene nanostructured hybrids could yield a sensing alternative to gold thin films or serve in lithium ion batteries—with graphene coating stabilizing the electrode-electrolyte interface.

Team Develops 3D Graphene Nanostructures to Improve Electronics

Working with CNFM researchers, ALEX SINITSKII developed 3D graphene.
Area 2: Nebraska Coalition for Algal Biology and Biotechnology (NCABB)

THE NCABB team advanced understanding and enhanced development of algae for biofuels in several project initiatives during 2014. NCABB researchers sequenced the genome of C. sorokiniana, a strain of algae identified by the National Alliance for Advanced Biofuels and Bioproducts as promising for biofuels development. 

**Area 2 Research Focus**

NCABB Team Sequences Algal Strain’s Genome to Spur Biofuels Development

**DRAWING ON the extensive capabilities in the plant-focused Rebeccas Center at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln (UNL), Nebraska Coalition for Algal Biology and Biotechnology (NCABB) students and faculty conducted an 18-month, all-in effort to comprehensively map the nuances of C. sorokiniana, a strain of algae identified by the National Alliance for Advanced Biofuels and Bioproducts as promising for biofuels production.**

“C. sorokiniana is a very heat-tolerant and growth fast, accumulating lipids and starch that are precursors for biofuel production, but otherwise very little was known about it,” said team leader Heriberto Cerutti, professor in UNL’s School of Biological Sciences. “In terms of analyzing its genome, we are the leading group in the nation.” NCABB co-leaders are Edgar Cahoon, UNL George Holmes Professor of Biochemistry, and director of the Center for Plant Science Innovation, and Karin van Dijk, UNL associate professor of biochemistry.

**With their leadership, the Chlorella Genome Sequencing Project was collaborative from the outset. For the closest-ever look at this chlorella strain, Cerutti and Cahoon’s labs analyzed its capacity to use carbon substrates, Professor Don Weeks’ lab studied its carbon dioxide assimilation, Professor Concetta Di Russo’s lab assessed its behavior under different temperature conditions, Assistant Professor Wayne Riekhof’s lab examined its reaction to plant growth regulators, and Professor Paul Black’s lab explored its response to nutrient stresses such as nitrogen deprivation.**

van Dijk said, “This project was a great opportunity for the graduate students, postdoctoral researchers and faculty to work as a team, develop tools to deal with this organism, and design experiments to understand how it functions.” She described the work as a back-and-forth exchange among interdisciplinary teams, and the methods developed include ways to analyze much of the strain’s gene expression and to manipulate its genome by transformation.

Even above the level of teamwork involved, Cerutti may be most proud of the resulting new computational biology capabilities. He said UNL’s Bioinformatics Core Research Facility was especially valuable in developing protocols and algorithms, integrating and improving know-how for further exploration of this algal genome and its functional potential.

**Beyond this project, NCABB’s work to understand the basic science of algae for biofuels already benefits others in the field.** For example, New Mexico State University (NMSU) operates an EPSCoR-funded outdoor algae cultivation testbed that’s had “culture crashes” caused by invertebrate grazers populations,” said Peter Sanders, research professor and technical director of NMSU’s Algal Bioenergy Program. “Dr. Cerutti has communicated novel ideas to us about protecting outdoor algae cultures from these decimating grazers.”

NCABB aims to publish its algal genome sequencing work in 2015; according to Cahoon, “What we have learned through this project adds value and leads to new opportunities for collaborations and possible grant funding.”

NCABB was founded with a portion of Nebraska’s $20 million, NSF EPSCOR Track 1 Research Infrastructure Improvement (2010-2015) Award.

**OPPOSIDE PAGE:** Graduate students gained experience on the NCABB team’s work to sequence the genome of Chlorella sorokiniana.
NSF EPSCoR RII Track 3

Tribal Colleges Advance Chemistry Offerings

CHEMISTRY IS on a front burner at Nebraska's tribal colleges thanks to a $750,000 RII (Research Infrastructure Improvement) Track 3 grant from the National Science Foundation (NSF). This fall, chemistry classes began at seven students on three campuses: at Little Priest Tribal College (LPTC) and two of Nebraska Indian Community College's (NICC) campuses—Santee and South Sioux City.

The five-year EPSCoR grant's work is overseen by Mark Griep, associate professor with the University of Nebraska-Lincoln (UNL) Chemistry Department, Dan Torgerson, dean of academics with NICC; and Janyce Woodard, environmental science instructor with LPTC.

Griep said he values seeing the students gain lab experience to further their career paths and better understand the utility of science in their lives and communities. He added, "The mission of tribal colleges is to provide an education that allows students to self-actualize in ways that help their community." "Teaching lets me learn all the time, and I'm so glad for this opportunity to participate," said Devore-Wedding, who appreciates helping establish and conduct that program to be sustainable and relevant. "There is a definite need for this curriculum. For careers in STEM (science, technology, engineering and math), chemistry is a huge gateway—particularly for health interests."

After the 2014-15 classes, the planning group will conduct a three-day workshop on science instruction for tribal college representatives, garnering interest from Nebraska, South Dakota and Oklahoma organizations. "The summer of 2015 will also be a time for the Nebraska group to refine its classes for other locations. The planning group's work in planning, conducting, sharing and refining is a natural cycle—as depicted in medicine wheel art created by Winnebago artist Laurie Houseman Whitehawk to celebrate the grant's impact in growing STEM resources for Native Americans' education."

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For more information about “Framing the Chemistry Curriculum” see bit.ly/1uc1tPP}

Small College Undergraduate Research Experiences

To help add undergraduate research opportunities at Nebraska’s smaller colleges and universities, Nebraska EPSCoR offers funding up to $5,000 per project for collaborations in science, technology, engineering and math (STEM) areas. Faculty and students involved in the selected proposals report their project results to Nebraska EPSCoR, and often present their research in scientific publications and at conferences. The 2014 grant recipients were:

- ERIN DOYLE | Biology, Doane College | “Analysis of P. aeruginosa Gene Expression Changes for Biofilm Formation”
- FRANK FERRARO III | Psychology, Nebraska Wesleyan University | “Psychopharmacological Reactions to Natural and Urban Images”
- JOHN KYNDT | Science and Technology, Bellevue University | “Cultivation of Algaes on Agricultural Waste for Economic Biofuel Production”
- HECTOR PALENCIA | Chemistry, University of Nebraska Kearney | “Mechanistic Studies of Novel N-Waterlyser Carbonyls in Biosynthetic Synthesis”
- LAURA WESSLES | Physics and Physical Sciences, University of Nebraska- Kearney | “Single Molecule Study of Fusion between a Bacteriophage Particle and Lipid Bilayer”
- ERIN WILSON | Chemistry, Doane College | “Investigations of Molecular Crowding Effects on a Crowding-Sensitive Alpha Helical Peptide and A Minimal Helical Tertiary Fold”

2014 FIRST Awards Announced

Nebraska EPSCoR’s FIRST Award provides competitive grants of $15,000 to help advance early-career faculty and their research programs. The expert reviews on FIRST Award入选者的 submissions are also valuable as the young faculty refine their work to pursue further development and distinctions, including the National Science Foundation’s CAREER Award—NSF’s most prestigious award for young faculty. Watch for more achievements to come from the 2014 FIRST Award recipients.

- ANDREW BARUTH | Physics, Creighton University | “Directed Self-Assembly of Block Polymer Thin Films for Nanobiographic Applications”
- HERNAN GARCIA-RIUZ | Plant Pathology, University of Nebraska-Lincoln (UNL) | “Molecular and Cellular Targets of Antiviral RNA-Silencing”

- ROBERT “SCOTTY” CLANCY and ROSE BUFFALO CHIEF | NICC students at the South Sioux City campus, participate in a chemistry lab.

[Opposite page] Medicine wheel art to celebrate the project was created by Winnebago artist LAURIE HOUSEMAN WHITEHAWK.

[Model ROBERT ‘SCOTTY’ CLANCY and ROSE BUFFALO CHIEF, NICC students at the South Sioux City campus, participate in a chemistry lab.]

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Imaging and Controlling Ultrafast Dynamics of Atoms, Molecules, and Nanostructures

IN AUGUST, the National Science Foundation (NSF) awarded nearly $6 million to Nebraska and Kansas for collaborative research on ultrafast dynamics of atoms, molecules, and nanostructures. The grant is one of three science and engineering regional consortia to receive funding totaling nearly $14 million for 2014–17 through NSF’s Experimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Research (EPSCoR). Other consortia funded in NSF’s Aug. 6 announcement were Louisiana-Mississippi and Arkansas-Missouri partnerships.

Nebraska will receive nearly $3.5 million for its work with the project. Fred Choobineh, Nebraska EPSCoR director and University of Nebraska-Lincoln’s (UNL) Rianken Distinguished Professor of Engineering, and Anthony F. Starace, UNL George Holmes Distinguished Professor with the Department of Physics and Astronomy, lead the Nebraska group’s work.

Physicists, chemists, and electrical engineers from UNL, Kansas State University (KSU) and the University of Kansas (KU) now work together to advance the imaging and control of matter interacting with light.

“This exciting new research on ultrafast processes in atomic, molecular, and optical (AMO) science and engineering will contribute to technological advances and the development of a diverse STEM workforce.”

— Timothy VanReken NSF Program Officer

The atomic physics groups at UNL and KSU have met informally since the late 1970s for the “Wildcorn” mini-conferences (extending from Friday evenings through Saturday afternoons) at which the groups presented their research to each other, Starace said. At those gatherings, discussions often focused on establishing new research collaborations, and “how this NSF EPSCoR grant finally provides the means to make these long-desired collaborations a reality,” Starace said. The Kansas and Nebraska groups have complementary experimental and theoretical research strengths, Starace added. By combining these strengths, the prospects for research success are greatly increased. In addition to the research, the consortium’s planned education, outreach, and workforce development activities will involve partnerships with small colleges in Nebraska and Kansas, summer workshops for high school physics teachers, and a variety of programs for students.

“The work in this grant is aimed at solving fundamental research problems whose solutions may lead to important practical applications, and the means to make these long-desired collaborations a reality.”

— Anthony F. Starace, co-principal investigator with the grant. “For example, the proposed research on atoms and molecules may give researchers the ability to control and image such key molecular reactions as those involved in human vision, photosynthesis, and vitamin D production. The proposed research on controlling electron motion in nanostructures aims at integrating photonics and electronics, thereby allowing researchers to develop the fastest electronic switches to date.”

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“With this federal support, the University of Nebraska will be in a position to do even more to serve the state through education, research and outreach. I’m especially excited about our plans to continue to work with teachers and students around the state to build a strong STEM workforce for Nebraska,” said University of Nebraska Interim President James Linder. “We look forward to collaborating with our colleagues at the University of Kansas and Kansas State University on this important work.”

“These consortia will spur technological innovations that drive economic growth and develop a diverse STEM-enabled workforce,” said Denise Barnes, head of NSF’s EPSCoR programs which issues these Research Infrastructure Improvement (RII) Track-2 grants.

IN SEPTEMBER, the Nebraska-Kansas Consortium gathered in Lincoln for the group’s initial strategic planning meeting. With more than 30 researchers attending, discussion flowed from an overview of the project, led by UNL’s Anthony Starace (co-PI), and outlined first-year goals for the two research thrusts as well as the education and workforce development activities.

The first thrust investigates light-driven atomic and molecular processes by a variety of complementary techniques spanning a broad spectral range (including high-order harmonic generation, strong-field ionization processes, x-ray-min laser interactions, ultrashort laser-induced electron diffraction with photodetectors and laser-accelerated electron sources and laser-induced electron diffraction). The second thrust extrapolates the basic knowledge of AMO ultrafast science to ordered systems by studying the behavior of light-controlled ultrafast electrons in a wide range of purposefully-designed nanostructures, thereby integrating photonics and electronics.

Together the consortia set goals connected to project timelines and targeted work approaches for best practices.

Project images from Kansas and Nebraska gathered in September for a planning meeting.
EACH OF us has a vested interest in how our bodies serve our daily activities. When problems arise, our hope is that somebody has found (or is working on) a solution. For many diverse issues related to physical movement, we can look to the world’s first Center for Research in Human Movement Variability (CRHMV)—right here in Nebraska.

In August, that center—located at the University of Nebraska at Omaha (UNO)—received the largest research grant in UNO history: a $3.1 million award from the National Institutes of Health (NIH). This Centers of Biomedical Research Excellence (COBRE) grant is funded by NIH’s Institutional Development Award (IDeA) program for states that historically have low levels of NIH funding; the grant supports basic, clinical and translational research, faculty development, and infrastructure improvements. The award will be distributed over five years, with two opportunities to renew for additional funds.

According to the grant’s principal investigator, Nick Stergiou—UNO professor and Distinguished Community Research Chair in Biomechanics, and a member of Nebraska EPSCoR’s state committee—the grant’s project aligns young UNO faculty with mentors among University of Nebraska Medical Center (UNMC) researchers and clinicians to address how bodies control and adjust movement patterns and how variability in movement can be a tool to, cause or be symptomatic of a wide range of disorders. Project leaders with the grant include Sara Myers studying levels of variability in peripheral arterial disease (PAD) patients; Mokul Mukherjee pursuing how virtual reality can assist mobility in stroke victims; and Anastasia Kyvelidou exploring how variations in child posture can help detect early signs of autism.

Stergiou is proud of the talent this work is attracting to and retaining in Nebraska. He cites “a great example of reverse ‘brain drain’” to Jenna Ventra—a Nebraska who returned to conduct research on chronic pulmonary obstructive disease (COPD) with the center. Elizabeth Granger, the center’s new director, is attracting to and retaining in Nebraska.

The award will also allow for the hiring of several new faculty for UNO, the launch of additional pilot research programs, upgrades to equipment, and recruitment of top graduate and undergraduate student candidates to study biomechanics at UNO. Housed in UNO’s $6 million Biomechanics Research Building—a first of its kind, 23,000-sq. ft. research facility that opened in 2013—the center’s facilities include a motion analysis lab, acoustics lab, balance and strength lab, virtual reality lab, robotics lab and motor development lab, plus conference space and work stations for undergraduate and graduate students.

Stergiou expresses gratitude for the center’s supporters and achievements to date and excitement that his team’s work is “establishing a global reputation as an outstanding research institute in biomechanics.”

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NICHOLAS STERGIOU: pauses near motion analysis work in UNO’s Biomechanics Research Building

**NIH $11.3M Grant Funds Obesity Research Center at UNL**

When NASA seeks to improve its surface materials for spacecraft, tiny properties can have a huge impact—making a component better endure extreme heat or cold. A $9.5 million grant via NASA’s Nebraska EPSCoR applies skills of University of Nebraska-Lincoln (UNL) researchers to develop functionalized surfaces to improve spacecraft materials.

The team, with funds from UNL’s Electrical Engineering and Mechanical & Materials Engineering (MME) department, leverages further funds from the university’s Office of Research & Economic Development and College of Engineering for a total of nearly $1 million for this project with UNL’s Center for Electro-Optics and Functionalized Surfaces. Center leader Dennis Alexander, Kinery Engineering Professor and this grant’s co-investigator, adds expertise on ultrafast lasers and femtosecond laser pulses for structuring materials’ surface properties at the nanoscale. He collaborates with the grant’s PI, MME Professor George Gogos, who focuses on flow and heat transfer in functionalized metallic surfaces, and with Engineering Professor Sidd Ndao, co-investigator, who studies microfluidics in materials.

The project will apply ultrafast pulses to alter surfaces’ microstructures and nanostructures with titanium and silicon carbide, for example, to improve high-efficiency thermal management systems in space. This research, managed by NASA Nebraska EPSCoR as part of the NASA Nebraska Space Consortium, may aid other industries.

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Boys Town Earns $11.2M from NIH for Translational, Transformational Research on Hearing

NSF EPSCoR Co-funding in 2014

- CAREER: Adaptive Microelectronics for Defense, FJ Jung Vul Lim, University of Nebraska-Lincoln, College of Engineering, $409,954
- EARPI: Investigating the role of end hydrobromides on environmental recharge beneath differing land uses in China’s Loess Plateau, PL Zhao, University of Nebraska-Lincoln, Earth and Atmospheric Sciences, $45,070
- Role Of a Lys63-Specific E2 Ubiquitin-Conjugating Enzyme/Variant In Plant Pathology.

Boys Town Earns $11.2M from NIH for Translational, Transformational Research on Hearing

The Core Facility we’re building with this COBRE grant’s funding will allow us to integrate auditory and visual stimuli and simulate real-world environments to study these issues,” Jesteadt said. Construction of an 890-square-foot lab is scheduled to be completed in mid-2015; its 156-square-foot sound attenuating room, the size of a small classroom, will be the largest of BTNRH’s hearing labs and will weigh nine tons. The space will be equipped to create virtual environments with 360-degree video and audio—and simulate noisy or quieter classroom settings through synchronized audio and video, and architecturally-planned software for room modeling. Faculty of the University of Nebraska-Lincoln (UNL) College of Engineering’s Architectural Engineering program will add acoustics expertise for the CPCC.

NSF EPSCoR Young Nebraska Scientists (YNS) camps enhance the STEM (science, technology, engineering and mathematics) pipeline for students in grades 6-12, while giving graduate and undergraduate students opportunities to gain teaching expertise, and connecting middle and high school teachers. As part Nebraska’s National Science Foundation (NSF) RII (Research Infrastructure Improvement) Track 1 grant, Brad Elders—chair of and associate professor with UNL College’s Department of Biological Sciences—has led algal biology and biofuels themed YNS camps.

In his camps, middle and high school students are immersed in the study of algae and its potential as a biofuel—during lab hours and amid local ponds and streams. At the surface, the content may not have much teen appeal, but the way Elders and his camp instructors teach science earns consistently high ratings from participants. Here’s a peek in the camps, what has surprised you and how did you adapt the curriculum? How do you contrast the effectiveness of a novel fluorescent and the Core Facility we’re building with this COBRE grant’s funding will allow us to integrate auditory and visual stimuli and simulate real-world environments to study these issues,” Jesteadt said. Construction of an 890-square-foot lab is scheduled to be completed in mid-2015; its 156-square-foot sound attenuating room, the size of a small classroom, will be the largest of BTNRH’s hearing labs and will weigh nine tons. The space will be equipped to create virtual environments with 360-degree video and audio—and simulate noisy or quieter classroom settings through synchronized audio and video, and architecturally-planned software for room modeling. Faculty of the University of Nebraska-Lincoln (UNL) College of Engineering’s Architectural Engineering program will add acoustics expertise for the CPCC.

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What do you think makes your camps such a success?

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Our next challenge was to plan for the time it takes to get anything done. The first year of our camps we had to get kids ‘going to get 20 middle school students to safely remove...
When you heard from the campers that made you feel good about your contribution with the project?

What have you heard from the students that made you feel good about your contribution with the project?

Describe how Doane students helped with the camp material?

How can you give an example of another challenge you faced with the camps?

One of the other problems that we encountered was simply keeping the students engaged. Counting cells can become boring and certainly not helping to get lectures can get old. To overcome this, we came up with a lot of moving and exciting activities, but I think more viably, and the reason we started it in the first place, was to get the students to see young people doing really cool, amazing things. Each college student on the project has to design their own labs and teach those students. Their experience of teaching those classes in the classroom, the way they teach, the way they ask questions, the way they understand the student's abilities and comfort level. They must show their students that this is how science goes — it's entirely possible that all their students' experiments will not get positive results — but, the labs, experiments are normal, nothing compared to the successes.

By teaching future teachers, you're growing the STEM pipeline — why is that important to you and to Nebraska?

I would absolutely love to teach an environmental science class and be able to adapt the lessons we've made into part of that class. It's such an important, interesting topic that raises students' interest.

What did you enjoy most about working with Dr. Elder?

Are there any challenges that you’ve faced that you learned from and have helped to improve?

What do you think of the Doane College students who work with the campers?

What role did Doane College students play in the success of the camp?

Describe how Doane students helped with the camp material?

No one involved in the camps — from me to my students — knew anything about algae originally. My background is in ecology, and I took the lead to be part of this EPSCoR grant project because of my teaching abilities. So when we started planning what we would offer, we spent a whole year just looking at what we could do with the students — because genetically modifying algae to produce more lipids, the focus of this grant simply can't be done in five days. So the students and I started producing a list of all the possible experiments and projects we could do. Fortunately, so little is available about algae that almost every project we proposed was utilized at some point. At YNS Algae Booths Camp faculty, participants not only understand the amazing potential, but in our annual report on scientists at the camp next year. I've been doing work with algae for the last five years, but I think more viably, and the reason we started this in the first place, was to get the students to see young people doing really cool, amazing research. For our high school students, the difference in age may have only been one year for some, but it was a chance to start working together as equals.

How can you give an example of another challenge you faced with the camps?

We kept several “get up and moving” activities in our pocket, so we could use them if we thought we needed to wake the class up. For instance, we would go from the lab for 15 minutes and then go back to our own research. This had two benefits: the first was simply getting the students up and moving around, but I think more viably, and the reason we started it in the first place, it was getting the students to see young people doing really cool, amazing research. For our high school students, the difference in age may have only been one year for some, but it was a chance to start working together as equals.

One of the other problems that we encountered was simply keeping the students engaged. Counting cells can become boring and certainly not helping to get lectures can get old. To overcome this, we came up with a lot of moving and exciting activities, but I think more viably, and the reason we started it in the first place, was to get the students to see young people doing really cool, amazing things. Each college student on the project has to design their own labs and teach those students. Their experience of teaching those classes in the classroom, the way they teach, the way they ask questions, the way they understand the student's abilities and comfort level. They must show their students that this is how science goes — it's entirely possible that all their students' experiments will not get positive results — but, the labs, experiments are normal, nothing compared to the successes.

To overcome both of these challenges, we simply needed to plan more time. We made sure that all the experiments we offered students to do would be manageable in five days. So the students and I started producing a list of all the possible experiments and projects we could do. Fortunately, so little is available about algae that almost every project we proposed was utilized at some point. At YNS Algae Booths Camp faculty, participants not only understand the amazing potential, but in our annual report on scientists at the camp next year. I've been doing work with algae for the last five years, but I think more viably, and the reason we started this in the first place, was to get the students to see young people doing really cool, amazing research. For our high school students, the difference in age may have only been one year for some, but it was a chance to start working together as equals.

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Decade of Mobile Labs Engages High School Students

CLIFFORD STAINS, assistant professor with the University of Nebraska-Lincoln (UNL) Department of Chemistry, knows how high school experiences can spark interest in STEM (science, technology, engineering, and mathematics) pursuits.

“I saw a beneficiary of a set of NSF-funded mobile science labs at my high school in rural central Pennsylvania,” Stains said. “As a first generation college student, these labs made a big impact on my career choice (and) I would like to bring the same passion for STEM to disadvantaged students in Nebraska.”

Stains has partnered with Nebraska EPSCoR to add his time and talent to help grow further the long term, we envision using the labs to enrich STEM education in rural, low-income Nebraska communities.

In the long term, we envision using the mobile science labs at my high school in rural central Pennsylvania," Stains said. "As a first generation college student, these labs made a big impact on my career choice (and) I would like to bring the same passion for STEM to disadvantaged students in Nebraska.”

Stains has partnered with Nebraska EPSCoR to add his time and talent to help grow further the Decade of Mobile Labs project, which engages high school students in Nebraska with hands-on scientific experiences.

MBSC provides equipment, materials, and instructional support for three labs adapted from Bio-Rad’s Biotechnology Explorer™ program: a bacterial transformation lab, a restriction enzyme digest of Lambda DNA lab, and a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) lab.

According to Sarah Zulokoski—Nebraska EPSCoR outreach coordinator—by lending these labs to more than 30 Nebraska secondary teachers, MBSC reaches nearly 2,000 ethically, geographically, and socio-economically diverse Nebraska secondary students each year.

Stains is adding to the program by offering summer workshops for high school teachers at educational service unit (ESU) sites across Nebraska, helping teachers become familiar with the scientific concepts contained in the mobile labs and prepare lesson plans for using them in their classrooms. Those teachers become part of the MBSC network served by Nebraska EPSCoR. Stains notes teachers’ feedback about these workshops has been unanimously positive, and adds that ESUs and teachers seek more offerings of these on-site workshops.

O’Neill High School science teacher Bryan Corkle has used MBSC materials in his teaching since 2006. He said the extra learning opportunities for his students “would not have been possible without this program,” and added that several former students have reported from their first biology courses in college that they were “better able to know what’s going on in class, thanks to their mobile labs experiences” with Corkle.

Each loaned lab set includes $10,000 in equipment for secondary teachers and students—an investment that pays off each time an MBSC experience inspires new interest in science.

CLIFF STAINS, UNL Chemistry experiences for students in similar settings. Nebraska EPSCoR has been delivering free mobile science labs to high schools in Nebraska for the past 10 years through the Molecular Biology for Secondary Classrooms (MBSC) program. Stains is the first faculty to utilize the MBSC program to train new teachers and expand participation.

stem To Go:

Young Nebraska Scientists’ High School Researcher Program

FORMER YOUNG Nebraska Scientists (YNS) summer research student Lesly Garcia—below—in lab coat—is a University of Nebraska-Lincoln (UNL) biology student working in the Beadle Center lab of Audrey Atkin, associate professor with UNL’s School of Biological Sciences. Garcia is involved in testing whether a protein is made in a cell and where it is located within the cell.

Atkin’s National Science Foundation-funded project aims to help better understand basic ways genes are regulated and this new understanding has the potential to address genetic diseases such as muscular dystrophy. Garcia said her two summer experiences with YNS gave her an advantage in biology classes. "When my professors ask students questions, I’m the first one with my hand up (to answer),” Atkin praises the high school student researchers she’s hosted as bright, enthusiastic and open to learning. “It’s important for them to see people they can relate to working in science,” Atkin said. "Especially when they can see that there are different paths to success.”

Garcia’s older sister, Jackie, was a YNS summer researcher in high school; she now majors in Biochemistry at UNL and works in the lab of Wayne Minkhof, assistant professor in the School of Biological Sciences.

LESLY GARCIA and AUDREY ATKIN work in UNL’s Beadle Center.

STEM On Board

Equipment in one of the four available MBSC kits—traveling across Nebraska for two weeks of use by high school classes includes:

- A classroom set of adjustable micropipettors and gel electrophoresis equipment
- A 96-well PCR thermal cycler
- Micropipettes, vortexers, a mini-incubator and a hot water bath

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Nano Rises with Burks’ Talk at WoPhyS14

THEY CAME from the University of Puerto Rico, Bryn Mawr College and the University of California-Berkley—among a diverse range of programs. Nearly 100 undergraduate women and men gathered at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln (UNL) in November for WoPhyS14, the annual Women in Physical Sciences conference for outstanding student researchers. WoPhyS participants present their research, network with students from other universities, and attend talks by leading scientists.

Funded largely by Nebraska EPSCoR, the event is organized by the Materials Research Science and Engineering Center (MRSEC) and other UNL partners. WoPhyS covers all participants’ local expenses—including registration, food and hotel accommodation.

Setting the tone early in WoPhyS14 was the “Bench & Beyond” talk by Raychelle Burks—a postdoctoral research associate in the Doane College lab of Andrea Holmes, part of the Center for Nanohybrid Functional Materials with National Science Foundation funding through an RII Track 1 grant via Nebraska EPSCoR. Burks, who hosts several American Chemical Society videos, said:

“I am a forensic scientist, specifically an analytical chemist—so I find a specific needle in a stack of needles. I like the challenge of saying ‘tell me what you are looking for’ and ‘here’s how I can help.’ That’s when I get to be MacGyver and Sherlock Holmes, rolled into one.

With the Holmes team that’s developing deTECHip® (a molecular sensing array), I design assays to detect all kinds of situations, such as formaldehyde in gas form. We’re currently looking at how to provide this product in app form for smartphones.”

Burks answered audience questions about life as a post-doc and concluded with inspiration for STEM careers. She quoted Fabiola Gianotti, director-general with CERN in Switzerland, who described her organization’s work as “not only a great scientific endeavor, but a unique human adventure.”

RAYCHELLE BURKS, a post-doc with Nebraska's NSF-funded Center for Nanohybrid Functional Materials, shares wisdom at WoPhyS14.

“Here’s my advice: each day write your career goal and six ways you are going to approach it. And in the long term, think about communication and outreach for your science. Funding comes from national agencies, industry, etc.—those taxpayers and business leaders are probably not experts in your area, so you need to help them know what you’re doing is worth their support.

“Not everybody can be a scientist but I believe everybody should be science-literate, and pop culture is a way that science can ‘get in the door’ with people. As a scientist, being an ambassador for science is part of my professional life. I organized SciPop Talks (a speaker series with UNL Libraries), and we just got grant funding to make videos to share our upcoming sessions, which include the science in Marvel comics.”

Nebraska became an emeritus state in 1991 and has successfully competed for more than $277 million in federal research funding. This chart breaks down the funding by agency and shows the cumulative growth of funding over time, through 2014.
2014 State EPSCoR Committee Members

Dr. Iqbal Ahmad, Professor, Department of Ophthalmology and Visual Sciences, UNMC
Dr. Kenneth W. Bayles, Professor, Dept. of Pathology and Microbiology, UNMC
Dr. Charles J. Bicak, Senior Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs & Student Life, UNK
Dr. Susan Fritz, Executive Vice President and Provost, University of Nebraska
Dr. Valery Forbes, Director and Professor, School of Biological Sciences, UNL
Dr. Clague Hodgson, President, Nature Technology Corporation, Lincoln
Ms. Dacia Kruse, Acting Director, State of Nebraska Department of Economic Development
Dr. Jennifer Larsen, Vice Chancellor for Research, UNMC
Dr. James E. McClurg, President, Technical Development Resources Co., Lincoln
Mr. Lyle Middendorf, Sr. Vice Pres. & Chief Technical Officer, LI-COR, Inc., Lincoln

Dr. Thomas Murray, Associate Vice Provost for Research and Scholarship, Creighton University
Dr. Michael Nastasi, Director, Nebraska Center for Energy Sciences Research, UNL
Dr. Scott D. Snyder, Associate Vice Chancellor for Research and Creative Activity, UNO
Dr. Juliane Soukup, Professor, Department of Chemistry, Creighton University
Dr. Nicholas Stergiou, Isaacson Professor, School of Health, Physical Education & Recreation, UNO
Dr. Raymond Ward, President, Ward Laboratories, Inc., Kearney
Dr. Terri L. Wasmoen, Associate Vice President (ret.), Merck Animal Health, Elkhorn
Senator Ken Haar, Nebraska Legislature, 21st District

Please see page 3 for members joining and departing the Nebraska EPSCoR State Committee in 2014.